

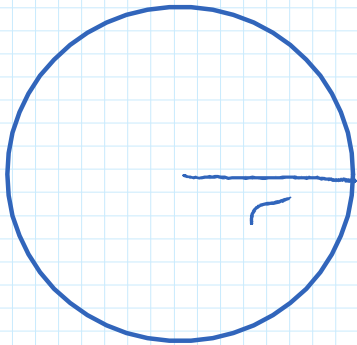
Shapes - rates of change.

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = m/s$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = m^2/s$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = m^3/s$$

A circle is increasing at rate of $4m^2/s$. Find rate of increase of radius.



Got $\frac{dA}{dt} = 4$

Need $\frac{dr}{dt}$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

Found $\frac{dA}{dr} = 2\pi r$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{dA}{dt} \div \frac{dA}{dr} = \frac{4}{2\pi r} = \frac{2}{\pi r} m/s$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} \times \frac{dr}{dA}$$

A circle is increasing at rate of 3 m/s find rate of increase of area when $r = 7$ m.

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 3 \quad \frac{dA}{dt} = ??$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dr} = 2\pi r$$

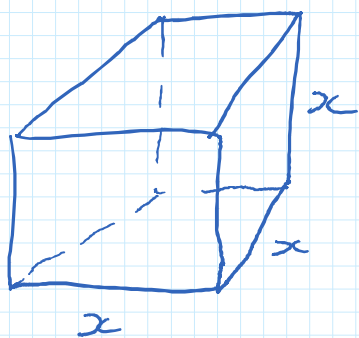
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{dr}{dt} \cdot \frac{dA}{dr} = 3(2\pi r)$$

$$r = 7 \quad \frac{dA}{dt} = 42\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$$

The sides of a cube are changing at rate of 6 m/s. Find rate of increase of

(i) area.

(ii) volume.



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 6$$

Need $\frac{dA}{dt}$

$$A = 6x^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx} = 12x$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{dA}{dz} \cdot \frac{dz}{dt} = 72x \text{ m/s}$$

$$V = x^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dx} = 3x^2 \quad \frac{dz}{dt} = 6$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dz} \cdot \frac{dz}{dt} = 18x^2 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{m/s} = \frac{d(\text{length})}{dt}$$

$$\text{m}^2/\text{s} = \frac{dA}{dt}$$

$$\text{m}^3/\text{s} = \frac{dV}{dt}$$

The radius of a sphere is increasing at rate of 6 m/s .
Find rate of increase of volume.

$$\text{Gut} = \frac{dr}{dt} = 6 \quad \text{Need} = \frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$\text{Formulae} \quad V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dr} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= \frac{dV}{dr} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} = 6(4\pi r^2) \\ &= 24\pi r^2 \text{ (m}^3/\text{s)} \end{aligned}$$

A sphere has an area increasing at rate of $6 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$.
Find rate of increase of radius.

$$\text{Gut} \quad \frac{dA}{dt} = 6 \quad \text{Need} \quad \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Find} \quad A &= 4\pi r^2 \\ \frac{dA}{dr} &= 8\pi r \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{dA}{dt} \div \frac{dA}{dr} = \frac{6}{8\pi r} \text{ m/s}$$

A sphere has a volume increasing at rate of $12 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$.
 Find rate of increase of radius when $r = 3 \text{ m}$.

Know $\frac{dV}{dt} = 12$ Need $\frac{dr}{dt} = ?$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dr} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dt} \div \frac{dV}{dr} = \frac{12}{4\pi r^2} \text{ m/s}$$

$$r = 3 \quad \frac{12}{36\pi} \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{1}{3\pi} \text{ m/s}$$

A sphere has an area increasing at rate of $7 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$.
 Find rate of increase of volume.

Know $\frac{dA}{dt} = 7$ Need $\frac{dV}{dt}$

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dr} = 8\pi r$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dr} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dV}{dt} &= \frac{dV}{dr} \div \frac{dA}{dr} \times \frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dr} \cdot \frac{dr}{dA} \cdot \frac{dA}{dt} \\ &= \frac{4\pi r^2}{8\pi r} \cdot 7 = \frac{7r}{2} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}.\end{aligned}$$

A sphere has a volume increasing at rate of $6 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. Find rate of increase of area when $r = 3 \text{ m}$.

Got $\frac{dV}{dt} = 6$ Need $\frac{dA}{dt} = ??$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dV}{dr} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dr} = 8\pi r$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dA}{dt} &= \frac{dV}{dt} \div \frac{dV}{dr} \times \frac{dA}{dr} = \frac{6}{4\pi r^2} \cdot 8\pi r \\ &= \frac{12}{r}\end{aligned}$$

$$r = 3 \quad \frac{dA}{dt} = 4 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$$

A cylinder has height 3 times the radius. The radius is changing at rate of 5 m/s . Find rate of increase of volume?

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 5 \quad \text{Need } \frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$V = \pi r^2 h \quad h = 3r$$

$$V = 3\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dr} = 9\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dr} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} = (45\pi r^2) \text{ m}^3/\text{s}.$$